

#### Preparation:

- Kiwi brand products are the best to use on DND/CF boots;
- Black polish, polishing cloth, and an old toothbrush are required; and
- Container with cold water.

#### Steps for successful polishing:

1. Prepare the place where you are going to clean and polish your shoes.
2. Remove the shoelaces. They shouldn't get in contact with the shoe polish.
3. First, remove the dirt from the catwalks using an old toothbrush or special polishing brush. The brush will remove the sitting dirt. Then add some polish and go back over the catwalks to darken them.
4. Next, remove all the rude dirt with a dry brush or a cloth. Then you should use the cloth and some warm water to get rid of the dust and fine dirt. Don't forget the heel and sole.
5. Now it's time to use shoe polish. Polish moisturizes (such as water), makes the leather flexible. The colour of the polish will be black.
6. Lay the polish very thin on your shoe. Every care product should be used very sparsely. Don't forget, less is more.
7. Apply the polish with a fine cloth carefully over the leather. It's recommended to start with the heel, going to the toe and on the other side back to the heel. Polish in circular motion. A trick is to use hot water to keep the polish soft, so it can be soaked in more easily.
8. After the first shoe is ready, let the polish soak in and do the second.
9. For a spit shine drop one or two drops clean water on the shoe when you're polishing. Just don't use spit. It's often quite aggressive and can destroy the patina, especially if you like to drink coffee, tee or love candy.
10. Repeat...



#### Post Polish:

- Place the boots in a location with little dust or dirt;
  - Place a cloth over the boots to help prevent dirt and dust;
  - Polishing once a week will help to build a good base and assist every time you work on them;
- A high gloss shine is the standard...keep up the hard work and you will always be successful!